## Contents

| 1     | Introduction 1   |
|-------|--|
| 1.1   | General 1  |
| 1.2   | Scope2   |
| 1.3   | Key features 3   |
| 2     | Terms and definitions 4  |
| 3     | Basic principles of earthquake-resistant design6                           |
| 3.1   | General 6  |
| 3.1.1 | Performance-based design philosophy6                                       |
| 3.1.2 |  |
| 3.1   | .2.1 Damage-limitation limit state8  |
| 3.1   | .2.2 Collapse-prevention limit state 8                                     |
| 3.1.3 |  |
| 3.1   | .3.1 Acceleration spectrum 9   |
| 3.1   | .2.2 Elastic-displacement spectrum 11                                      |
| 3.1.4 | Equivalent damping for hysteretic response12                               |
| 3.1.5 | Design concept13   |
| 3.1   | .5.1 Force-based design 13   |
| 3.1   | .5.2 Displacement-based design 15  |
| 3.2   | The case of precasting 19  |
| 3.2.1 | Performance-based design philosophy19                                      |
| 3.2.2 | 2 Connections 20   |
| 3.2.3 | B Ductility properties of structures 21                                    |
| 3.2.4 | 4 Supports 24  |
| 3.2.5 | 5 Second-order effects 26  |
| 3.2.6 | 6 Cladding-panel connections 26  |
| 3.2.7 | 7 Shear failure 27   |
| 3.2.8 | B Design of diaphragms 27  |
| 3.2.9 | Stability of beams supported on columns       28                           |
| 3.2.1 | 0 / 1  |
| 3.3   | Basic principles of conceptual design (to satisfy the fundamental require- |
|       | ments of collapse avoidance and damage limitation) 31                      |
| 3.3.1 | General 31   |
| 3.3.2 | 2 Basic principles of conceptual design                                    |
| 3.3   | 3.2.1   Structural simplicity  |
| 3.3   | 3.2.2   In-plan uniformity - regularity                                    |
| 3.3   | 3.2.3   Vertical uniformity - regularity   35                              |
| 3.3   | Bidirectional resistance, torsional resistance and stiffness39             |

| 3.3   | .2.5         | Effects of the contribution of infills, partitions and cladding (strong beam-<br>weak column) |
|-------|--------------|---|
| 3.3   | .2.6         | Adequacy of foundation  |
| 4     | Precas       | st-building systems   |
| 4.1   | Gene         | eral  |
| 5     | Frame        | e systems   |
| 5.1   | Gene         | ,<br>   |
| 5.2   | Fram         | es with hinged beam-to-column connections and HCF (cantilevered-<br>nn system in ASCE 7-10)   |
| 5.2.1 |              | ged beam-to-column connections for HCF  |
| 5.3   | Fram         | es with moment-resisting columns  |
| 5.3.1 | Ger          | neral   |
| 5.3.2 | Equ          | ivalent monolithic moment-resisting beam-to-column connection systems                         |
|       | .2.1         | System SI   |
|       | .2.2         | System S2   |
|       | .2.3         | System S3   |
|       | .2.4         | System S4   |
|       | .2.5         | System S5   |
|       | .2.6         | System S6   |
|       | .2.7         | System S7   |
| 5.3.3 |              | neral information on jointed systems (H1, H2 and H3)  |
| 5.3.4 |              | umn-to-foundation connections   |
|       | .4.1<br>.4.2 | Socket foundation<br>Column-to-foundation connections with corrugated-metal ducts or steel    |
| ).)   | .4.2         | sleeves   |
| 5.3   | .4.3         | Column-to-foundation connections with anchor bolts  |
|       | .4.4         | Column-to-foundation connections with steel base plates                                       |
| 5.3   | .4.5         | Column-to-foundation connections with external mild-steel reinforce-<br>ment                  |
| 5.3.5 | Bea          | m-to-column connections   |
| 5.3.6 | Col          | umn-to-column connections   |
| 6     | Large-       | -panel wall systems   |
| 6.1   | Gene         | eral  |
| 6.2   | Class        | ification   |
| 6.3   | Seism        | nic behaviour and structural integrity or robustness  |
| 6.4   |              | ble mechanisms for dissipation of seismic energy  |
|       |              |   |

| 6.5   | Load effects in large-panel connections                                      | . 145 |  |
|-------|--|-------|--|
| 6.6   | Configuration and structural behaviour of wet joints made with cast-in-      |       |  |
|       | situ concrete and loop reinforcements  | 147   |  |
| 6.7   | Construction details for large-panel buildings with wet joints (concrete     |       |  |
|       | and reinforcement)   | . 152 |  |
| 6.8   | Configuration and structural behaviour of North American platform-           |       |  |
|       | framing connections  |       |  |
| 6.8.1 | Horizontal connections   |       |  |
| 6.8.2 | Vertical-shear wall-to-wall connections                                      | 159   |  |
| 6.8.3 | Structural integrity   |       |  |
| 6.8.4 | Further information about ties, based on Schultz, 1979                       |       |  |
| 7     | Wall-frame systems (dual systems)  | 165   |  |
| 7.1   | General  | 165   |  |
| 7.2   | Shear walls and moment frames in dual systems                                | 165   |  |
| 7.3   | Typical connections in structural wall systems                               |       |  |
| 8 F   | loor-framing systems   | 173   |  |
| 8.1   | General  |       |  |
| 8.2   | Aspects of diaphragm behaviour in precast-floor systems                      |       |  |
| 8.2.1 | Diaphragms with topping  |       |  |
| 8.2.2 |  |       |  |
| 8.2.3 |  |       |  |
| 8.2.4 | Internal diaphragm actions   |       |  |
| 8.2.5 | Behaviour of precast-floor diaphragms under seismic action                   |       |  |
| 8.3   | Displacement incompatibility issues between lateral-resisting systems        |       |  |
| 0.5   | and precast-floor diaphragms   | 183   |  |
| 8.3.1 | General  |       |  |
| 8.3.2 | Strength enhancement of beams due to interaction with precast floors         |       |  |
| 8.3.3 | Other examples of displacement incompatibility effects                       |       |  |
| 8.3.4 | Design guidelines for hollow-core-floor-to-lateral-resisting-system connec-  | 107   |  |
|       | tions  | 191   |  |
| 8.3.5 | Support length of precast-floor units for prevention of unseating in seismic |       |  |
|       | situations   |       |  |
| 8.4   | Controlling and reducing damage to floor diaphragm                           |       |  |
| 8.4.1 | Jointed, 'articulated' floor system  |       |  |
| 8.4.2 | Top-hinge and slotted solution   |       |  |
| 9     | Double-wall systems  | 203   |  |
| 9.1   | General  |       |  |
|       |  |       |  |

| 9.2            | On-site construction technique  | 204   |
|----------------|---|-------|
| 9.3            | Ductile behaviour   |       |
| 9.4            | Numerical models for structural analysis                                | 205   |
| 9.5            | Structural connections and other structural details                     | 206   |
| 10             | Precast-cell systems  | 213   |
| 10.1           | General   | 213   |
| 10.2           | Classification  | 214   |
| 10.3           | Construction aspects  |       |
| 10.4           | Connections   | . 219 |
| 10.5           | Box structures in the United States                                     |       |
| Apper          | ndix A: Structural ductility of precast-frame systems                   | 223   |
| <b>A</b> .1    | Local ductility   | 223   |
| <b>A</b> .2    | Global ductility  |       |
| <b>A</b> .3    | One-storey frames   |       |
| <b>A</b> .4    | Other types of ductility  | . 229 |
| Apper          | ndix B: Selected technical data   | 230   |
| <b>B</b> .1    | General   | 230   |
| <b>B</b> .2    | Ductility-dissipation relation  | 231   |
| <b>B</b> .3    | Standard values   | _ 232 |
| Apper          | ndix C: Design examples of one-storey industrial building               | 234   |
| <b>C</b> .1    | General   | 234   |
| C.1.1          | Prototype one-storey industrial building                                |       |
| C.1.2          | Seismic hazard and spectra  | 236   |
| <b>C</b> .2    | Iterative force-based design (FBD) of one-storey industrial building at |       |
|                | ULS (collapse prevention)   | 238   |
| C.2.1          |   |       |
| C.2.2          |   |       |
| C.2.3          |   | 240   |
| C.2.4<br>C.2.5 |   | 241   |
| C.2.6          | 1 0 0   |       |
| 0.2.0          | and oft-neglected $q$ factor  | _ 243 |
| C.2.7          |   | 245   |
| C.2.8          |   | 247   |
| <b>C</b> .3    | Iterative force-based design (FBD) of one-storey industrial building at | 1/    |
|                |   |       |

|             | SLS (damage limitation)   | 250 |
|-------------|---|-----|
| <b>C</b> .4 | Closed-form force-based design (CFBD) of one-storey industrial building   |     |
|             | for ULS (collapse prevention)   | 252 |
| C.4.1       | Step 1: Determining yield deflection of structure   | 252 |
| C.4.2       | Step 2: Determining feasible design solutions using strength-stiffness compati-<br>bility-domain curve                              | 253 |
| C.4.3       | Step 3: Determining design seismic base shear and verifying sensitivity coefficient   | 254 |
| <b>C</b> .5 | Closed-form force-based design (CFBD) of one-storey industrial building   |     |
|             | for SLS (damage limitation)   | 256 |
| <b>C</b> .6 | Displacement-based design (DBD) of one-storey industrial building   |     |
|             | for ULS (collapse prevention)   | 258 |
| C.6.1       | Step 1: Equivalent SDOF system  | 258 |
| C.6.2       | Step 2: Setting ultimate (target) displacement and calculating yielding displace-   |     |
|             | ment, ductility and equivalent viscous damping  | 259 |
| C.6.3       | Step 3: Entering displacement spectrum and evaluating effective period and stiffness (secant to target displacement)                | 260 |
| <b>C</b> .7 | Displacement-based design (DBD) of one-storey industrial building   |     |
|             | for SLS (damage limitation)   | 262 |
| C.7.1       | Step 1: Equivalent SDOF building  | 262 |
| C.7.2       | Step 2: Setting ultimate (target) displacement and calculating yielding displace-<br>ment, ductility and equivalent viscous damping | 262 |
| C.7.3       | Step 3: Entering displacement spectrum and evaluating effective period and stiffness (secant to target displacement)                | 263 |
| <b>C</b> .8 | Comparison of FBD, closed-form FBD and DBD  | 264 |
| Refere      | nces  | 265 |